

getting the physics straight

to build a force-centric view of the world is to engage in radical

forces are exerted by the object's environment

resultant forces change motion

kinematics as a powerful descriptive apparatus

the role of symmetry in arguments

representing the topic effectively

isolate object and replace physical interactions with arrows

specific arrows for different vector quantities

power in pathways accumulating energy in stores

force acting accumulating momentum

acceleration accumulating velocity; velocity accumulating displacement

particular teaching challenges

replace a complex interaction with a force-pair

resultant force changes motion

measuring velocity

establishing reasoned drawing conventions

too much reliance on shortcuts

'formula hunting' without understanding

what's empirical and what's not

dealing with existing ideas

force changes motion

average and instantaneous speeds are often conflated

relative motion can lead to confusion

selected teaching principles

free body diagrams as structured drawings for a purpose

interaction diagrams as structured drawings for a purpose

starting with Newton 3, or with isolated masses

a clear description of motion: diagrammatic, graphical, algebraic

making the status of Newton's three laws clear

explicit construction of functional models of the lived-in world